

The Times

MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1894.

XIIITH YEAR.—10 PAGES.

PER WEEK, 20c.
PER MONTH, 85c. | FIVE CENTS

AMUSEMENTS—With Dates of Events.

NEW LOS ANGELES THEATER—

Under the direction of AL HAYMAN.

C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS THEATER IN CITY.

TO APPEAR IN NEAR FUTURE—

"Robert Downing and Eugenia Blair,"

"The New Boy,"

"Henderson's Alladin Jr. Company,"

"Thomas Keene" - - - - - "Salvini."

BENSON'S GRAND OPERAHOUSE—

BENSON & RICKARDS, Proprietors and Managers.

MONDAY, NOV. 19.

SATURDAY MATINEE.

Last appearance of MR. THEO KREMER in his thrilling drama,

★ "Through the Shadows of Death." ★

Popular prices, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Next week, "The Streets of New York."

BURBANK THEATER—

Maia St., between Fifth and Sixth.

FRED COOPER, Manager.

MONDAY, NOV. 19, EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK AND

SATURDAY MATINEE.

Second week and great success of the eminent Young actor

MR. DARRELL VINTON, "THE ENTIRE COOPER COMPANY

And grand production of the greatest of all dramatic successes, "HARBOR LIGHT," with its wealth of revolving scenery, marvelous transformations, won-

derful mechanical effects, and musical comedy.

Prices as usual: 15c, 25c and 35c. Box seats, 50c and 75c.

IMPERIAL—

MAIN ST. BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND.

LOS ANGELES' POPULAR VAUDEVILLE HOUSE.

MATINEE SUNDAY AT 2.

The Big Show.★

Josephine Sabel and New Company

Evening Prices, 10c, 20c, 35c and 50c.

Matinee Prices, Adults, 35c; Children, 10c.

Egyptian Hall—

204 SOUTH SPRING ST., OFF. THE HOLLENBECK.

PRESENTING AN EXHIBITION OF MYSTERY.

Psycho

The Inscrutable



L'Amphitrite GODDESS OF THE SEA—

AND THE Greek Statue Mystery.

A full size statue changed to life.

Morning 10:30 to 12—Afternoon Exhibitions every 30 minutes.

1 to 5—Evening 7 to 10. Admission 10 cents.

LOS ANGELES

International Exposition,

OPEN DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) FROM 10 A.M. UNTIL 11 P.M.

—THE GREAT—

SPANISH FANDANGO,

With Carmen, the Wonderful Dancer, with Wm. E. Bates and wife, America's Greatest Cornet Soloists,

Admission 25c. Cor. Fifth and Olive sts.

BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC HALL.

113-115½ S. Spring st.

Miss Mattie Dreyfuss, Planiste.

Assisted by MISS ETTA JACOBY, Vocalist; MR. WINFIELD BLAKE, Vocalist; MRS. J. G. OGILVIE, Accompanist. Thursday evening, Nov. 22, 8 o'clock.

Tickets, 50 cents, now on sale at BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO., Headquarters for Steinway, Emerson and Pease Pianos, and everything in music.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.

HOTEL NADEAU, European Plan.

NADEAU CAFE.

300 elegantly furnished rooms, 60 suites with bath, supplied with all modern improvements. Rooms \$1 per day and upwards. NADEAU CAFE, C. H. AMIDON, Manager, is the finest in the city; private dining and banquet rooms. Liberally managed.

H. W. CHASE & CO.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

275 Rooms; 75 Suites with Private Bathrooms.

POTTER & JOHNSON, Proprietors.

HOTEL FLORENCE.

SAN DIEGO, CAL.

FLORENCE HEIGHTS. Finest view of city and ocean. Large, sunny rooms, spacious courts and parks. Three minutes from Postoffice. AMERICAN PLAN.

GEORGE W. LYNCH, Manager.

(Formerly manager Redondo Beach Hotel.)

HOTEL ARCADIA

SANTA MONICA, SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. FAVORABLE

for summer and winter. HOTEL OFFERS A CHOICE OF

REDUCED RATES FOR THE NEXT 60 DAYS. The matchless reputation of the

hotels will be maintained, and bathing delightful; hot salt water baths a special feature;

Spa, swimming pool, tennis court, golf course, etc. Postoffice and telephones at Spring St. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

WELL MURRAY, Manager.

ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS

THE FAMOUS MOUNTAIN HEALTH RESORT

of Southern California; hotel first-class; lighted by electricity; heated by hot water from springs; overlooks San Bernardino, Riverside and Redlands; bus leaves Arrowhead Station 12:30 and 4 p.m.; San Bernardino 3:15 p.m.

Postoffice and telephones at Spring St. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

PALM SPRINGS HOT SPRINGS

THE FINEST WINTER CLIMATE

on the edge of the Colorado Desert; 4½ hours by P. R. railroad; 1000 feet; dry, desiccated atmosphere; no fog, constant sunshine; mountain and can-

yon scenery; stage meets trains. Telephone direct from station. Address WEL-

VILLA KARMA

EL CAJON VALLEY, SAN DIEGO COUNTY, CAL. ALL THE

comforts of a refined home; charming drives and rides, with

excellent shooting; moderate rates.

THE RICHELIEU HOTEL

134 SOUTH GRAND AVENUE. ONE OF THE

best located hotels in the city; has a few sunny rooms yet unoccupied.

HOTEL SAN GABRIEL

E. SANGABRIEL. FINEST HOTEL IN SOUTHERN

CALIFORNIA. Terms reasonable & DSTRICKER, Prop.

HOTEL LINCOLN

SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL; APPOINTMENTS

PERFECT; electric cars to all points. THOS. FONSECA, Prop.

GRAND VIEW

MONROVIA FAMOUS "GEM OF THE FOOTHILLS." FIRST-

class; tourist parties especially. A. W. ETTER, Manager.

LA SOLANA

GRAND AVENUE AND LOCKE HAVEN ST. PASADENA, FIRST-

class in every respect. GEORGE COOK, Manager.

THE WELLINGTON

BROADWAY, NORTH OF TEMPLE (FORMERLY ST.

Nicholas) thoroughly renovated and newly furnished; rooms now ready; new management.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEBER PIANOS,

Kimball Pianos.

BARTLETT BROS.'S MUSIC HOUSE, 108 North Spring st.

We Have Just Received

TWO CARLOADS OF

CHICKERING PIANOS, "NEW STYLE OF 1894"

Must be seen and heard to be appreciated.

GARDNER & ZELLNER, 213 S. Broadway.

LIVE STOCK WANTED.

WANTED—\$1000 TO BUILD A HOUSE ON

A good lot near Pico and Pearl. Address X, box 25, TIMES OFFICE.

NOTARIES—

B. D. LIST, NOTARY PUBLIC; LEGAL PA-

per carefully drawn. 18½ W. 820ND.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

IN

The Times

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BRIEFED.

BY TELEGRAPH: Mexican

forces proceeding to the Guatemalan

frontier; the people enthusiastically

demand war—Make-up of committees

in the next House; speculation con-

cerning the new chairman; Tom

Reed for Speaker—The hunt for the

murderers of Grocer Cornelius; two

men, thought to be the assassins, ar-

rested on the road to Stockton—Great

destruction by earthquakes; many

persons killed—An Indianapolis doc-

tor thinks Fugitive Con Riordan was

killed during the physicians' au-

topsy; Corbett offers to aid Fitzsim-

mons pecuniarily—James W. Payne,

the Los Angeles army contractor, ar-

rested at Denver charged with em-

bazzling twenty thousand dollars—

A boy killed by the discharge of his

gun—Meeting of the league base-

ball magnates—Explorer Wiggins

and his party reported to be safe and

on their way home—Talk of an inter-

national athletic contest between En-

glish and American colleges.

Dispatches were also received from

London, Paris, Vienna, Sedalia, Mo.,

Chicago, Washington, New York,

Vancouver, B. C., Chester, Pa., and

other places.

THE CITY.

Opening of the great Methodist re-

turnival at Simpson Tabernacle; Evan-

gel Yatman greeted by large con-

gregations—A lively runaway;

a carriage demolished and two persons

TOO MUCH RED-TAPE

A Plan to Simplify Real-estate Records.

The Torrens System Favorably Considered by the Special Commission.

Under the Improved Proposed Plan Abstract Companies May be Prevented from Charging Exorbitant Prices.

Real estate dealers and property-owners generally are looking forward to the time when a new system of transfer and title records will replace the present cumbersome and out-of-date plan now in use in the various counties of the State. The charges of the abstract companies in many cases are exorbitant and by the mere transfer of a lot the seller is often put to an expense of from \$5 to \$25 in addition to fees for the preparation of his papers, in order to satisfy his purchaser as to the title of the property disposed of. For simple extension of an abstract, which involved, perhaps, thirty minutes of the searcher's time, in judging that occupied in drawing red lines on the abstract and placing the imprint of an imposing seal thereto, the leading abstract company charged recently \$4.50. The complicated form of the records has long a source of complaint, and at the last session of the Legislature a bill was introduced by Senator McAllister which provided for the appointment of a commission as follows:

"A special commission of five persons, four of whom shall be members of the legal profession, is hereby created for the purpose of examining the methods of land transfer and registration as existing under the Torrens land transfer act of Australia, and of preparing a system for the State of California in accordance with said act, and of reporting to the Legislature thereon to the thirty-first session of the Legislature of the State of California."

In referring to the further details of the movement the San Francisco Chronicle says:

"This bill was passed and Gov. Markham appointed as the commissioners, Frank, president of the D. O. Mills National Bank of Sacramento, who is the chairman; Senator Elliott McAllister, Edison F. Adams, president of the Farmers and Merchants Savings Bank of Sacramento; Assemblyman Robert N. D. Lovett, Angeles, and Senator Bert Burke of Santa Cruz. They have been individually studying the questions involved in the Torrens land system, but have not prepared a report yet. They will meet soon at the office of Mr. McAllister in this city to formulate an opinion and frame a bill, which Senator McAllister probably will introduce at the next session of the Legislature."

"The Torrens system is designed to simplify real estate transfer. At present the title of a piece of property is searched back to the beginning of the title, concerning it every title that a deed involving it is made after many years an amount of recorded writing in relation to the property has accumulated, and all these have to be gone over by a searcher of records and a lawyer to take place, a transaction is set up in one month, and deed is recorded. The next month, if the land is to be transferred again, another lawyer may have to give an opinion as to whether the title is good or not. He will not accept the previous declaration of experienced men as correct and conclusive. He must have an examination made for himself, so as to be certain that no flaw has been overlooked. The matter of passing on a title thus goes on, gradually getting more cumbersome, tedious and costly. The principle of the Torrens system is to do away with the necessity of delving into the cobwebbed and dusty past. Under it the examination of the title is simplified. A person need not go further back than the last deed to ascertain whether the title to certain property is good. The title is to be recorded in the name of the person directly concerned in a recorded transaction between persons of the same name, and in the name of different generations. He proposed this condition:

"Persons directly concerned shall, as far as may be, be described by age, and by all their Christian names in full; as married or single, with the name of the last, if any, wife, and occupation, if any; by inhabitation and citizenship, by place of residence, by place of occupation, if any, and in the two latter cases, by name and number, if any. The Registration may require other features of description, as the name of a parent. There shall also be given postoffice address, within or without this state, for notice by mail. If the applicant is a citizen of this Commonwealth, the application shall specify some corporation of this Commonwealth, or some public officer of this Commonwealth as an agent to receive service of process in respect to the estate in question."

"On the record-book a diagram of the property should be drawn, he explained, beneath the description in words. Below this, in one column, should be the date and hour of recording, and the name and description of the registered owner. A brief description of the owner's registered estate in the land is to be opposite this personal description for the next column. When a mortgage is created, an equally full description of the person to whom the mortgage is given is put on beneath the new description of the owner. The first record is to be canceled. In the column relating to the description of the interest of each party in the estate, would be the following, for instance, opposite the description of the owner, William Smith:

"Fee simple, subject to restriction in favor of the owner for the time being of life, and to pay no need of maintaining the records back of this adjudication, and, after the judicial order concerning the title is made, the records of transfer will be kept under the Torrens system in a simple manner. Mr. McAllister did not believe in devolving the power of passing a title under the present system from any commission, because this business is of a judicial nature, and the declaration as to each title must finally be made by a court. Judicial authority cannot be delegated by the Legislature. It is possessed only by the court. The following therefore, which may be necessary to put the system into practical operation in California should take place in the courts without the appointment of any intermediary body. If a commission were appointed there might be a difficulty in the title to a piece of property is clear, Mr. McAllister remarked, a judgment of court on the point can be obtained without the expenditure of much time or money, while if it should be in a tangled condition all the parties interested in it should be glad to have the title to the system above 1888, was Governor of South Australia, where it was first introduced. Other Australian provinces have adopted his plan, which has been taken up in Canada. The Legislature of Massachusetts has been considering the system for several years, and a long report of the session was presented at the session this year. One of the commissioners, Mr. Chaplin, went into explanatory details on the subject. He said:

"The principle of the Torrens system is now very simple. They may be summed up as follows:

"First.—At the outset, public examination and authentication of title, after notice and opportunity to be heard.

"Second.—Thereupon and thenceforth registration of the title in brief and summary form, and, if possible, by the use of short formulas of expression of a familiar and well-settled meaning.

"Third.—A conclusive ascertainment, declaration and re-registration of title on each subsequent occasion of change.

"Fourth.—Notice on the face of the registration of all matters subsequent to final adjudication affecting the registered title.

"Fifth.—An necessary corollary of the foregoing principles, the evidencing of title exclusively by public record and publication of the same, so that it may be referred to the owner of each piece of land, and whenever the property is sold or transferred this certificate is to be delivered to the official who has charge of the deeds and other such records. He will issue another certificate to the purchaser. The evidence of transfer will be a brief record

in the official book in which the transaction is registered.

"Concerning the advisability of using short formulas, Mr. Chaplin said:

"It seems to me that it is time that simple business methods be introduced into our land transfer, and that we can in matter of simplicity make as much improvement upon the Australian method as is made upon pre-existing procedure in Australia, and an entire system to assume that there is safety in vulgarity. A vast number of important transactions are, under existing laws, evidenced exclusively by brief and terse formulas on a record book, and often by abbreviations intelligible only to an expert, and are almost as evident as by a signature, even by that of the recording officer.

The contract of a surety in a criminal case, however large the amount, is not signed by him; indeed, it is entirely oral, and, although it is of some considerable length, evidenced a long time only by a docket memorandum, by a memorandum of the register. When a man is sentenced for ten years to the State prison, there is, for many weeks after he is sentenced, nothing to show the fact or the particular sentence, except a docket memorandum, not signed by the clerk, and it is brief and cabalistic form, not intelligible to the ordinary reader.

"The infrequency, one might say the absence, of all controversy upon such matters, demonstrates to my mind the safety of the system, and the use by the use of formulas of well-settled meaning, as compared with lengthy deeds and contracts made and signed by the parties."

"Mr. Chaplin did not believe in adopting the sixth principle of the system as stated by him—that in relation to the insured of titles. On this point he said:

"There seems to be a popular impression that there is to be a popular insurance system consisting in a public guaranty to a registered owner of his registered title—that is to say, that it stands like ordinary title insurance, except being a public guaranty. This impression is, however, unfounded. In the first place, insurance under the Torrens legislation is a public guarantee, but it is not a fund-insured by those who bring their

land under the act. In the second place, it is directed chiefly to a class of losses which cannot arise in this Commonwealth, by reason of our constitutional limitations. Under Australian legislation a registered owner may lose his estate without any negligence on his part, by a mistake of the registering officer. For example, the were, in Victoria, two registered owners of the same name, A, whom we may designate as A1 and A2. A creditor of A1 obtained a judgment against him and execution. The registering officer, by mistake as to identity, registered to the judgment creditor, and his execution to the land of A2, and the land came to the judgment purchaser for value. It was held that this proceeding devested the title of A2, although he had had no notice of the proceeding and was in fault.

"I do not see that under the proposed legislation a person is in any more danger of losing title than under existing laws. I therefore recommend that the insurance feature be omitted, unless, possibly, in the form of insurance by the use of the large crowd of names, to be one of the clearest and easiest to be made known by the colored man, showed grit and wonderful recuperative powers in a number of instances when he went to the center a minute later apparently as though he had been within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace that within a year or two three-quarters in 1:30 is within the possibility of a pacer. When several horses can go in 2:00, certainly some one horse will be far superior, as has been the history of all harness horses. Trotting horses, unlike thoroughbreds, increase in speed with age, and are more durable. If a yearling can pace a quarter in 30s, can there be any doubt that some older horses will pace

The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER.....Vice-President
ALBERT MC FARLAND.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building.

E. corner of First and Broadway. Telephone number: Editorial 674; Business office? 187 WORLD BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Founded December 4, 1851.

The Los Angeles Times

VOLUME XXV

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, receiving every night in the year from 12,000 to 16,000 words of FRESH TELEGRAPHIC NEWS over 18,000 miles of leased wires.

TERMS: By Mail, \$6 a year; by carrier, 8 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. SUNDAY TIMES \$2 a year. WEEKLY, \$1.30; six months, 75 cents.

Sworn Net Average Circulation for Past Year, Over 13,000 Daily

Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

GRAND—Through the Shadows of Death.
IMPERIAL—Vaudeville.
BURBANK—Harbor Lights.

A QUEER PROCEEDING.

One of the most important questions that will come up before the citizens of Los Angeles during the next few years is that of the municipal water system. The lease of the City Water Company will soon expire and there is a widespread sentiment among our people that when that time comes the city should make arrangements to acquire the improvements and own its own water system, which, as the years roll by, is certain to increase greatly in value. The ownership of the water supply of the Los Angeles River is one of the most valuable possessions which the city has, and should be jealously guarded.

In today's Times Henry T. Hazard, in an interview, calls attention to a dangerous agreement which has been entered into between the city and W. T. Spillman in regard to the ownership of certain water rights near the present source of supply. Mr. Hazard shows that this agreement gives away the right to gather all the percolating waters of the San Fernando Valley.

The City Water Company, with a keen eye to the future, has already claimed the ownership to an independent supply—the "Crystal Springs"—which many people believe is a drainage from the Los Angeles River bed. Now comes another party with a proposition for a tunnel, to be five times deeper than the Crystal Springs tunnel, and yielding twenty-five times as much water, which claim the Council concedes with scarcely a protest.

This certainly gives a dangerous foothold to a claim which should only be conceded, if at all, after careful and earnest investigation. It puts the city on the defensive, where there is no reason for it to take that position.

The entire operation has a very dubious appearance. The City Water Company is at present constructing a new pipe line around the hills outside the city on the northwest, which is supposed by some to be a move in the direction of an independent system from an independent "percolation" supply. May not this be another move in the same direction?

In any case, why should the Council so promptly agree, in the closing days of its existence, to thus jeopardize the city's birthright, without even the miserable consideration of a mess of potato, for which Evans sold out?

A water system without a water supply is of little value. It would be well for Los Angeles to take care that it is not left in this position when the lease of the present water company expires.

The impracticalities who are assaulting Mrs. Grover Cleveland, with unseemly violence because that charming and gracious lady followed the time-honored custom of breaking a bottle of wine over the stem of the steamship St. Louis at the launching of that vessel, are certainly not exalting the cause of temperance to any great extent. Intemperance in language, uncharitableness, bigotry and pharisaism is not likely to make converts, but the tendency is rather to disgust those persons of liberal ideas inclined to look with favor on the curtailment of the liquor traffic. The ladies of the W.C.T.U. might employ their time to far better advantage than in fighting such diaphanous shadows as they are tackling in the case in question.

The Stockton Mail is going from bad to worse. It is now talking about a flow of dark red Republican gore in case it should appear that Jimmy Budd is not given the Governorship of California. The Mail should not exhibit its encarnadined undergarments this way. If Mr. Budd has been elected he will be inaugurated as Governor all right; but if he hasn't Mr. Estee will get the job, gone or no gone.

Statesman Sam Shortridge of San Francisco asserts that Mr. Estee has been counted out—that a recount will show that the name of Budd has been counted a hundred times in many precincts where Estee had been voted for. If this is the case, the people of California want to know it. No other result than the one shown by ballots actually cast should be submitted to any party. If Mr. Budd has been honestly elected by a plu-

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

IMPERIAL.—The promise of a night at the latest far, living pictures, and a draw le bill served to draw the biggest houses of the season at the Imperial last night. At 8 o'clock the standing-room sign was out, and the floor and galleries were packed to suffocation. All the old favorites were spurred to outfit themselves, and the new features had a big reception. The sisters Alene and the Burke brothers, with their male and the funny boxing bout, had a great reception. The Stanleys do a novel turn, the male member of the team doing an act on the slack wire that is very dast and clever. Silvern and Emerie, in their double-ring act, were warmly applauded, the house even forgiving the former his writhing singing for the ability and grace with which he does his other business. Willard O'Dell put on a bit of acrobatic dancing that is not good, but his mimesis and singing does not add to his entertainment. Birdie Brightling got a warm encore for her Banjo playing, and Larry Dooley, Frank Hell and the handsome and graceful Ahmo repeated "The success of last week."

The living pictures were of uneven excellence, some of them rather Sunday-school and mediocre, the others beautiful to a degree." As a whole, the performance was a great big success. Tonight the great feature, Josephine Sabel, will make her first appearance, and will in all probability, create a furor.

ATTRACTIONS TONIGHT.—Theodore Kremer and the Grand Operahouse Stock Company will be here this evening and every night this week, in their play-thing realistic melodrama, "Through the Shadows of Death." The Burbank puts on the great scenic play, "Harbor Lights," in which Darrill Vinton and Dorothy Rosemore have congenial parts.

SMILES.

Mistress. I think you handle those fine chin dishes prettily.

Domestic. Don't worry, mat'am. They are so light that they wouldn't hurt, even if I dropped 'em on my toes, mum.

(Texas Siftings) Schaumburg (to Jacobs.) You was a lar and a shoundrol. Do you hear dot?

Jacobs (to Schaumburg.) I hear you already, and I thinks you was talking to yourself.

Reflection of an old coquette on taking up her position at the toilet table all covered with vials and jars:

"Now for it; in another three hours I shall be thirty years younger."

Tough Citizen. Are ye callin' me a lar? The Other Citizen. Well, my respects, I confess, are fairly open to that interpretation.

Tough Citizen (mollified). By gum, you got in your 'pology just in time.

(Harper's Bazar) "Why don't you work? You're an able-bodied man," she asked the tramp.

"I am! I know it well; but I've only myself to look after, and if I got work I might be deprivin' a man with a wife and children of a job, ma'am," the kind-hearted wanderer replied.

(Atlanta Constitution) "Preacher made a bad break today."

"How was that?"

"Well, there was no fire in the stove, and he meant to read the text: 'Many are called but few chosen.'"

"Well?"

"Read it! Many are chilled and few frozen."

Little Ben had been duly instructed that he must not meddle with wasps because they would bite him. Nevertheless, he came in one day with tearful eyes and swollen finger.

"Why didn't you let it alone? Didn't I tell you they would bite?" said his mother.

"Yes, I know you said they would bite, but I held its mouth shut and just pinched its tail," sobbed the bitten boy.

PITH OF THE PRESS.

(Minneapolis Journal) Food, labor, and raw materials are cheap, but under Democratic policies the consumptive demand which makes things hum is wanting.

(Milwaukee Sentinel) The completion of the election season from the American wage workers, and if a man is truly and really benefited by the loss of his job the free trade Congress must be doing quite well.

(Chicago Journal) In his Thanksgiving proclamation the President said: "On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended." This will be apt to remind a great many people that their ordinary work and business have been suspended too long already.

(Kansas City Star) A trolley car runs through the streets of Jerusalem. Jeremiah had had some idea of this when he lifted his voice and predicted the judgments which the future reserved for the punishment of Israel.

(Milwaukee Sentinel) The work of the tunnel is to run across the valley from the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court. Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

Among others who have given the matter special attention is ex-Mayor Hazard, who believes that there is danger in the scheme and who yesterday gave his views to a "Times" reporter as follows:

Question. Is it true that you called on the Mayor to induce him to refuse his assent to the stipulation entered into in the case of Spillman vs. the City of Los Angeles? Answer. Yes, I did, but I did not find in him.

Q. What is wrong with the stipulation which it wholly protects the city at all points.

In case we should proceed to the action I do not know that the city could obtain anything in the way of a judgment which it does not obtain by this stipulation, and in view of the uncertainty which would largely be a matter of conjecture as to the waters in question have never been developed. I believe it for the best interests of the city, to enter into this stipulation, and I advise that the same be done."

Mr. Spillman promptly took advantage of the action of the Council and secured a judgment in accordance with the agreement.

While the agreement is apparently fair on its face, a great many people believe that it is part of a deep-laid scheme to gain an interest in the waters of the Los Angeles, and to ultimately control the water supply of the city, or, at least, be in a position to make a stand in court.

IN THE FIELD OF ELECTRICITY.

ELECTROCUTION IS MERCIFUL AND EFFECTIVE.

The Advent of the Electric Elevator. A Miniature Electric Yacht—Brighter Electric Lights.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(Special Correspondence.) George Edward Harding, in a recent paper, foreshadows a remarkable development in the use of the electric elevator, which he holds, will before long as surely supersede the hydraulic elevator, for the highest class of service, as the hydraulic has, in its day, taken the place of the steam elevator. The change in the character of buildings, the decreasing of ground dimensions to height, the new order of foundations, the introduction of steel framing, the great advance made in machinery, the more exacting demands of tenants, the cost of maintaining an adequate building service, and the lowering in return on investments, are some of the issues that are forcing the architect to bestow most careful consideration, not only on the engineering details, but on the more numerous problems involved in the service of a building in all the variety of present practice and requirements. Among these problems that of the elevator service now takes a most important place. The tendency to travel both on sea and land is to greater speed and increased comfort, and the public is already becoming impatient at the long time of ascending and descending its tall office buildings, and the discomfort and annoyance of a jerky and imperfectly controlled service. So long as a car had to make a maximum of 250 feet a minute, there was no particular difficulty in getting a car of variable speed, and it served fairly well for isolated service; but when speeds of 300 to 600 feet a minute are required, it becomes vital that there shall be absolute control of the speed of the car by the motor, independently of the brake. This ability to vary the speed in starting and stopping, but for the satisfactory operation of a battery of elevators on schedule time; in other words, for meeting the conditions of office practice. In this regard Mr. Harding maintains that the electric elevator has proved its unquestioned superiority over every other system. He refers to the fact that some twenty years ago, he was one of the advocates of the hydraulic elevator, then coming into vogue, and he told a leading elevator manufacturer that the hydraulic machine would replace the steam engine, which was at that time in high favor. This statement was ridiculed, but the change to the new method soon became general. The recognition of the adaptability of the electric elevator to modern conditions is similarly inevitable. The severest tests have demonstrated the machine is absolutely safe. It occupies but little room, and renders unnecessary the loss of space incident to the cutting up of the building. It has tremendous lifting capacity, and is capable of any required speed. Its motion is smooth, and in starting and stopping the usual unpleasant features are eliminated. The car can be taken from the street or from a private plant. The machine can be operated as soon as the hoistway is ready, and the early completion and occupancy of a building is thus facilitated in a marked degree. This case of installation was recently illustrated convincingly. Two machines were put into operation three days after their delivery, the power being supplied from a station a mile and one-half away. In the electric elevator the old cumbersome controlling devices are discarded, and the motion of the car is regulated with almost incredible ease and certainty by the mere pressure of a button within the car.

A MINIATURE ELECTRIC YACHT. The giving of presents on festivals, anniversaries and holidays has attained to a science. Formerly when only rare occasions were thus signalled, and there were less things to choose from, the selection could easily be made; but nowadays when everybody makes presents to everybody else, the donor is apt to be confronted in the choice of a fitting offering with a grave and perplexing problem. Many a fond parent has a sense of unhappiness at this period of the year at the thought of the impending question whether there is anything else in the wide world in the way of a Christmas gift that is both hopeful and appropriate. The miniature electric yacht has come just in time to help him out of the difficulty, for no prettier and more suggestive present could a boy have than the little craft, which illustrates on a small scale the application of the principle that may sooner or later drive the ocean grayhounds across the Atlantic at 30 miles an hour. It is 15 inches long and six and one-half inches beam, and is guaranteed to beat any other boat of its size. It is driven by a tiny motor and one cell of special boat battery. The motor is suspended on a bracket and geared direct with the propeller shaft. Motor, gearing and battery can all be taken out and replaced within a minute. The battery has enough current to propel the boat between one and two hours. It gives no trouble whatever, as from the construction there can be no tipping over of acid and no breakage of glass jars. The boat travels at the rate of about three miles an hour. The propeller is 2½ inches in diameter, and has a pitch of 45 degrees. The whole appearance of the miniature craft is trim and workmanlike; in fact, it has been designed and built under the direct supervision of a United States naval engineer. It is claimed that as an easy-running boat it cannot be equalled.

ELECTROCUTION IS BOTH MERCIFUL AND EFFECTIVE.

D'Arsonval, the French physiologist, created a sensation last year by the statement that the high-tension electric current used for the execution of criminals did not necessarily kill them; but in a majority of cases, it simply suspended the animation of the subject, who could be resuscitated if proper means were taken. He emphasized his statement by avowing that the criminals who had been subjected to the electric stroke had succumbed not to it but to the knives of the physicians who made the autopsy. This important question was brought before the recent convention of American electrotherapists in New York for special discussion. The convention voted against the conclusions reached by D'Arsonval. The particular case mentioned by the Frenchman contained no marked lesions or evident destruction of tissue; death was only apparent, and resuscitation under the circumstances, of course, possible. The fact mentioned by D'Arsonval that a pressure of 4500 volts was used while the subject was shocked, has no significance, as it is taken in connection with the current passing through the subject under that pressure. The committee appointed to consider the question decided that: "A marked difference exists between the cases of the application of the alternating current as employed in electrocution in New York State, where the current is deliberately continued through the body for the purpose of killing, and in cases of accidental contact as that referred to by D'Arsonval. "It was further decided: "(1) That the passage of a sufficiently powerful alternating current through the body is followed by instantaneous pallor and absolute death. (2) That subsequently when electrocution is properly carried out there is no possibility of the resuscitation of the criminal. (3) That in cases of accidental contact, where the current passing is not excessive, it is quite possible that death may be apparent only, and that the method of artificial respiration (as for cases of drowning) suggested by D'Arsonval should be followed." Dr. F. S. Donahue describes

HOTEL DEL CORONADO

RATES REDUCED
during the balance of the season to
\$2.50 a Day
by the week for board and room
In \$3.50 and
\$4.00 Rooms.

Fine swimming tanks and sun bathing on the coast. The new boulevard between ocean and bay makes the finest driveway and bicycle track in the west.

Round trip ticket and week's board \$21.
Coronado Agency, 111 Spring St., Los Angeles.

EASTON, ELDREDGE & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.EASTON, ELDREDGE & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.EASTON, ELDREDGE & CO.
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

Grand Auction Sale!

100 SELECTED LOTS 100
OF THE
WOLFSKILL TRACT

Near the Arcade Depot,

Without Reserve or Limit and to the Highest Bidder At 1 o'clock p.m. on the Premises

Saturday, Nov. 24, 1894,

THE VERY HEART OF LOS ANGELES.

Why go out miles, pay carfare for yourself and family, when you can buy a lot in this tract at your own price, and within ten minutes' walk from corner of Spring and Second streets?

TERMS: Only one-quarter cash and balance in one, two and three years, with interest on the deferred payments at the rate of eight per cent. per annum.

FOR MAPS, CATALOGUES ETC.,

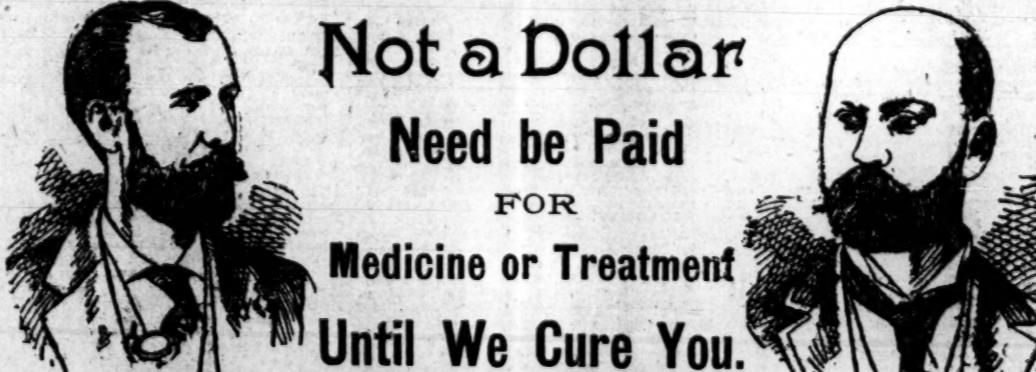
Easton, Eldridge & Co.,

121 S. Broadway.

DR. TALCOTT & CO.

Of New York, Permanently Located in Los Angeles,

The Leading Specialists for

Diseases of **MEN** Exclusively.

We mean the above statement emphatically—it means everybody, and it is to show our sincerity, honesty and ability to cure these diseases, of which we understand every feature. We have the largest practice in Southern California, acquired by honesty, ability and moderate charges.



Every Form of Weakness of Men,
CHRONIC CASES RESULTING FROM BAD TREATMENT QUICKLY CURED.

Our Offices are the most elaborate and private in the city, and supplied with every instrument and remedy known to cure these diseases. Consultation, examination and advice absolutely FREE. If you cannot call, write for our free book on the nature and treatment of these diseases, together with rules for diet, exercise and sleep.

Corner Main and Third Streets. Private side entrance on Third St. Telephones—Office, 1309; Residence, 132 W.

Union Iron Works,

SAN FRANCISCO,
Ship and Engine Builders,
Electrical Machinery,
Mining Machinery,
Boilers, Tanks, Etc.

INDURINE.

A cold-water paint.
A substitute for whitewash and oil paint.

Will not rub, crack or scale. Works well over old whitewash. Excellent fire retardant and insect repellent. Especially designed for factories and public buildings.



This is no Cross-eyed person, although it looks like it. It shows how poorly-fitted frames and glasses look. Besides, the eyes suffer in consequence. To avoid ill-temper, cross-eyes are a great source of trouble. It is our specialty. Eyes examined, etc. Pacific Optical Co. Scientific Opticians, 67 North Spring St., opp. old courthouse.

J. T. Sheward,
113-115 N. Spring St.

ONE hundred business men are now at work getting up new ideas for the Fiesta for 1895; it will be a hummer; won't you help us hum? Write your friends in the east about it. Before we get wound up about the Fiesta we want to say a few words about what we are doing to reduce stocks in the dress goods department. We believe that we will make more money next season by selling out every yard of dress goods at a loss rather than start the season with old goods in the house. With this idea in view we are selling a great many goods at a positive sacrifice. Every department in this house will be on a new footing next season. Every department will show an entire new stock of goods if prices will close our present stock. Already we have more than doubled the trade of last season in dress goods; the prices we are selling dress goods for is the lowest ever known in this city for the same class of goods. Dress goods that have been selling from \$1 to \$2 a yard, now 75c; dress goods that have been selling for 75c, now 50c, and they are all of the most staple colors and qualities. The prices are a factor in largely increasing the trade. We have a lot of fine velvet and plush and silk remnants suitable for the holiday trade at about one-half the original price. We will sell you the embroidery silk chenilles, arasenes and pon pons for exactly one-half the original price. We will sell you a small line of stamped linens upon the same basis, one-half the marked price. Stand and table covers at half price; they are all desirable goods, but we are making a radical change in every department in the house. The greatest bargains are in the cloak department, for the reason the stocks are larger; they are more than double what they should be at this season of the year. If the prices will sell them the prices will be made with that object in view. The price will sell anything provided the price is low enough, and the price will be made low enough to sell the cloak department out clean and clear. We show the largest stock of desirable cloaks in the city. Children's cloaks are very cheap. Ladies' Jersey ribbed underwear 33½c, worth 50c; ladies' underwear 50c for the 75c grade. We have the lowest prices in the underwear department. This is one of the few stores showing a large increase in the trade. New side combs 25c and 35c; everybody has the craze for side combs. New kid gloves \$1 and \$1.50; not an old pair of kid gloves left in the house.

Call every day at the...

CRYSTAL PALACE

138, 140 AND 142 SOUTH MAIN ST.

And examine goods offered on special sale.

On Special Sale

for MONDAY and TUESDAY—

25 Austrian China TEA SETS, containing 56 pieces—

\$5.45 complete set.

These are worth \$10. Nicely decorated—a rare bargain. Come early and have best pick.

MEYBERG BROS.



Niles Pease,

Furniture, Carpets, Lace and Silk Curtains, Portieres, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Linoleums, Mattings, Baby Carriages, etc.

337, 339 and 341 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

COAL.

COAL.

COAL.

Do not get an inferior article when you can buy the celebrated SOUTH FIELD WELLINGTON

For \$9.75 per ton, delivered to any part of the city. Coke, Charcoal and Wood. Wholesale and retail.

HANCOCK BANNING,

Importer of best grades of domestic and steam coal.

Telephone 86, 1047.

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me H. G. OTIS, president and general manager of the Times, and his sworn statement of the daily records, deposition and says that the daily records and pressroom reports of the office show that the daily editions of The Times for the week ended November 17, 1894, were as follows:

Sunday, November 11. 18,550
Monday. 12,500
Tuesday. 12,500
Wednesday. 12,500
Thursday. 12,500
Friday. 12,500
Saturday. 12,500

Total. 96,270

Daily average. 13,750

(Signed) H. G. OTIS.

Sworn and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 1894.

J. C. OLIVER,
Notary Public, in and for Los Angeles County.

NOTE.—The Times is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate viz. 96,270 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the week, were computed upon the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 16,045 copies.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.

WANTED— Help, Males.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS, 300-302 W. Spring St., Los Angeles, California.

(Office open from 10 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Saturday.)

We want a good washer, for steam laundry. Monday, with first-class references. \$30.00, etc. and board, room, board, wood, \$10.00, etc. \$10.00, etc. \$10.00, etc. young man for store (dairy products); boy to chores about bakery. \$8.00 and bed, per month.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

We filled our orders nearly all this week, but have the following left over: Two good cooks, country \$25.00; maid, \$15.00; etc. \$15.00; German or Swiss girl, city, \$15.00; etc.; good cook, \$20.00; maid, \$15.00; etc.; good cook, helper, kitchen; German woman for dishwasher; both places for maid, first-class hotel; maid for first-class hotel, \$15 till January, \$20 after.

Will lots of new orders Monday. Call early and stay till late, get what you want. Help addressing for ready income stamp.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

WANTED TO INFORM THE FRIENDS and patrons of the Eastern Employment Agency, that Kearny & Niles have re-arranged business. 115½ N. Spring St., Los Angeles, 12 and 14, where they will be pleased to serve both their old and new customers with good, reliable help.

Tel. 212 KEARNEY & NILES.

WANTED—CORRESPONDENTS FOR SPECIAL newspaper work; manuscript sold on commission; short stories a specialty; over 1800 publications on our list; manual sent free. INTERSTATE PRESS ASSN., 201 Madison.

WANTED— A YOUNG MAN WITH \$6000 can obtain a position at a fair salary in one of the best banks in the city. Address with references, X. box 2, TIMES OF FICE.

WANTED— DRUMMER, SALESMAN, INSTRUCTOR, laundryman, milliner, collector, toaster; established 1886. EDWARD NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring St.

WANTED—SEVERAL STONECUTTERS ON NOV. 15. School, Temple, Arts, to play on the work. R. W. MATTINSON, contractor.

19

WANTED— Help, Female.

WANTED— SALES LADY, PHARMACIST, manager, seamstress, waitress, solicitor, maid, housekeeper, housewife. EDWARD NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring St.

WANTED— WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework; 2 adults, 2 children; general washing sent out; \$12 per month. 289 LORENT ST.

WANTED— GIRLS OF PREPAREDNESS to dance. Apply, today, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. to 330 S. SPRING ST.

WANTED— HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help. MRS. SCOTT & MISS MCARTHY, 101½ S. Broadway. Tel. 810.

WANTED— A GIRL ABOUT 14 FOR LIGHT housework; small wages. Apply 127 E. THIRD ST.

WANTED— A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN TO do general housework. Apply at 971 YALE ST.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN. THE LEADER, 329 S. Spring St.

WANTED— BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOYMENT Agency, 323 S. BROADWAY.

23

WANTED— Help, Male and Female.

WANTED— HELD FREE AND WORK. E. NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring St.

19

WANTED— Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED— CANVASSERS FOR LISTS OF "PLAYERS." Address, San Pedro, 19. San Bernardino, Riverside and Orange counties, issued by The Times; 5 volumes; official and used; information, never before open to public; \$100 to business men; except; territorial rights for sale to reliable men. Apply TIMES OF FICE.

WANTED— SOLICITORS EVERYWHERE FOR LISTS OF "PLAYERS." Address, San Pedro, 19. few energetic ladies and gentlemen wanted to canvass; above salary guaranteed. Call or address V. JOHNSON, Pasadena. 21

WANTED— AGENTS, EITHER SEX, FOR office or household articles. Address or call J. OTIS BROWN, 644 S. Spring St.

19

WANTED— PARTNER. A PERSON WITH tools and property in the oil region desires partner with capital. Address S. box 75, TIMES OF FICE.

19

WANTED— PARTNER IN A GOOD MANUFACTURING business; competent business man only accepted. See B. WHITE, 221 W. First St.

19

WANTED— BARBER WITH SMALL CAPITAL as partner in a good-paying two-bit shop. Address B. BAUER, Visalia, Cal. 23

WANTED— To Rent.

WANTED— FURNISHED HOUSE OF 8 OR more rooms in nice location; lawn, flowers, etc. in the city. Address with full particulars. H. C. CRIBB, 103 S. Broadway.

WANTED— TO RENT NEAT, 500-FOOT COTTAGE within easy walk; not over \$15.00 with water. ALEXANDER, 210 S. Broadway. 19

WANTED— To Purchase.

WANTED— FOR CASH, ALL KINDS OF second-hand goods; B17 S. Spring St. EICHISON & LANE.

WANTED— SPECIALISTS— Diseases Treated.

SUPERLUS HAIR, MOLIS, ETC., PERMANENTLY REMOVED BY ELECTRICITY. MRS. SHIRNICK, 94 and 95 Potomac Block.

DR. H. G. COLLINS, OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN, with the A. Optical Institute; eyes examined free. 124 S. Spring St.

WANTED— CURE, NO PAY. RHEUMATISM IN 100 days. 23½ S. SPRING ST., rooms 9 and 10.

FOR SALE— BARGAIN IN INCOME property in center; 4-story house, elegantly finished, 16 rooms, bathrooms, closets, etc.; desirable location; close to key next door; or apply to F. L. CALKINS & CLAPP, 102 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— BARGAIN, 40 LOTS IN southeast part of city at \$50 per lot, as a whole. M. GILVRA & TORRANCE 18½ S. Spring St.

FOR SALE— ON WINFIELD HEIGHTS, cor. Alvarado and Pico Sts., fine lots, 50 feet by over 200 feet deep to an alley, \$125.00. DR. T. H. TRELKELD OF BOSTON, 264 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— 5 ACRES IN ORANGES 400 feet by 1500 feet, \$1000.00 per acre; abundance; must sell because of ill health. J. S. LA FAY, owner, South Pasadena. 19

WANTED— Situations, Male.

WANTED— BY JAPANESE. A SITUATION in city or country; understands cooking, wait on table, general housework; willing to do any kind of work. Address C. N., 301 COMMERCIAL ST.

WANTED— POSITION BY MIDDLE-AGED man; dish-washer; can assist in cooking. Gall at REV. F. MEYER, 505 E. Pico St. Monday bet. 1 and 4 p.m. 19. references. 19

WANTED— A FIRST-CLASS SECRETARY, owns Remington typewriter, desire situation as collector. Address S. box 50, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— BY AN EXPERIENCED JAPANESE boy, situation in dentist office or laboratory; wages no object. Address H. M., 204 W. 21st St.

WANTED— LIGHT WORK ON FRUIT Ranch or any outdoor work for board; will work all winter. Address BOX 181, Monrovia, Cal. 19

WANTED— BY MAN AND WIFE WITHOUT children, situation; city or country. 124 S. HELLMAN ST., East Los Angeles. 19

WANTED— BARBER WITH SMALL CAPITAL as partner for a hotel shop. Call SEVENTH AND BROADWAY.

WANTED— POSITION AS FOREMAN IN BOSTON, MASS. Address S. box 50, TIMES OFFICE, Pasadena. 19

WANTED— BY EASTERN MAN AND WIFE position on ranch. Address S. box 1, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— ANY KIND OF WORK BY A Japanese man. Address S. box 50, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— A POSITION BY JAPANESE man, city or country. M. S., 219 SANTEE ST.

WANTED— POSITION IN PASADENA BY Japanese cook. YAMA, Times office. 20

WANTED— FAMILY WASHING AT REASONABLE prices. 1225 S. MAIN ST. 21

WANTED— SITUATION AS FOUNDRY WORKER. Address S. box 70, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

WANTED— SITUATION AS COOK. Address S. box 224, FLOWER ST.

AT THE CHURCHES.

Opening of the Methodist Revival Services.

Evangelist Yatman Greeted by Large Congregations at Simpson Tabernacle.

A Notable Sermon by Rev. J. S. Thomson at Unity Church—Y. W. C. A. Meeting—Other Church Services.

There was a large and enthusiastic congregation gathered in Simpson Methodist Episcopal Church yesterday morning at the opening of the great union revival meetings of all the Methodist churches of the city, under charge of Evangelist Yatman.

A great deal has been said of Mr. Yatman's work, both in the East and West. At his tent services in San Francisco last winter, hundreds of people were forced to turn away for want of room, and he has been attended with like success everywhere that he has conducted meetings. This is his first visit to Los Angeles, and the cordiality with which he was received yesterday at Simpson Church went to show that his reputation has not been exaggerated.

Besides being forcible and earnest, Mr. Yatman is a pleasing and attractive speaker. In appearance he is a fair, rather stout man of medium height, with an open, pleasant face and merry blue eyes. He has a way of provoking the laughter of his audience by his quaint figures of speech, yet can as readily move them to tears. And he is the possessor of a pleasant, animated voice, which can be easily heard.

Mr. Yatman spoke yesterday morning of the false notions which some people had concerning the work of the Methodist church and revival meetings; the latter especially, he thought, had been very much traduced. He explained how these meetings, instead of being a time of general religious exertion, were of great benefit to the community, and what the outcome would be. Sin, he said, is the disturbing element in human hearts, the one thing that separates them from God; and to bring the awfulness of sin to mind, and show the power of the blood of Jesus Christ is the work of the evangelist. The object, he said, laid upon the evangelist and his fellow-men, that the great evangelistic meeting becomes necessary. The services are planned that the people of God may look up, and that a blessing may come upon the city. To bring heaven down and earth up, that they may meet. To reach sinners and show them the way to salvation. The secret of success is prayer, not the sanctitatem of the evangelist or the temporary excitement which is supposed to ensue.

The services were continued during the afternoon, and evening, and were largely attended. For the afternoon Mr. Yatman spoke on the power of prayer, and in the evening he based his remarks upon the familiar words, "It is well with thy soul?"

UNITY CHURCH.

A sermon on "Woman's Place in Nature and in Society. According to Moses, Paul and Peter," was preached yesterday morning at the Church of the Unity by the pastor, Rev. J. S. Thomson. The sermon was based upon passages from Genesis, Romans, Ephesians, I Timothy and I Peter.

There are two accounts of woman's origin in Genesis. In the first chapter, man and woman were created at the same time, and they were equal in power and authority. This is the Elohist account.

In the second chapter, man was created first, and lived for some time without a mate.

Afterward, Eve was formed out of one of Adam's ribs, and she was made in the likeness of man, whereas she was created in the likeness of God in the first account. Eve is Adam's superior in physical beauty, and he is her superior in physical strength. This is the Jephthahite account.

The third chapter represents her as a noble being. She discovers that her knowledge is good for food, that it is beneficial, and that it is a giver of wisdom. This shows that she was a practical woman, an artist, and a philosopher. "The mother of all living" deserves to have her name on the portals of institutions of learning. Paul declares that man is the head of woman, that she is to obey him, that she must learn from him in silence, that she must not teach, that she must not usurp authority over her husband. He declares all this in plain and strong language. It follows, then, that all those women who are noisy teachers of anarchy in the home, who claim that they are superior to man, who frequent clubs to set forth fads, crank movements, cast suspicion upon the sacred bonds of matrimony, are fighting against an inspired apostle. Who denies the inspiration of Paul in this matter and persists in being unswervingly man, be consistent; but no orthodox woman can consistently belong to organizations that have no respect for Paul's inspired words. Paul and Peter agree that Christian women should adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety, not with braided hair, or gold or pearls, or costly array" (I Timothy ii, 9).

There is no argument for believers in the inspiration of these two men to say that, if they were alive, now they would think differently; for this is an inspired command for all. Therefore, there is hardly a woman in Christendom that believes in the inspiration of Paul and Peter in this matter; for their dress denies their belief. Thought as to the woman of the twentieth century, and the difference between "letter and spirit," closed the sermon.

EAST SIDE BAPTIST CHURCH.

There was a large attendance at the East Los Angeles Baptist Church Sunday morning. Mrs. Morfoot led the choir and Mr. Hitchcock presided at the organ. The pastor, Rev. George E. Dye, delivered a practical discourse from the text, "The Son of Man came to seek and to save the lost."

"It was enough," said Mr. Dye, "to make a place for our brother, and allowed up in the hungry sea of heathendom, but my plea today is for the lost of our own land."

A large number have been lost and are broken and drifting away from home and church. They were once in touch with the Sunday-school and church and home, but because the church did not vitalize that contact.

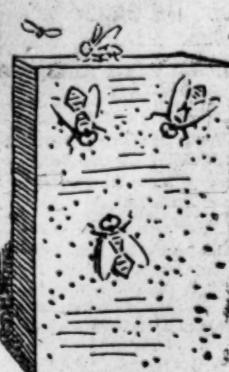
"We talk about the slums. The slums would soon disappear were they not fed from above. Fifty per cent. of the criminals attended church and Sunday-school. The poor live on lost sheep. More men are born than fall into our slums than are born there. The human race is to us today, 'Physician, heal thyself.' The lost sheep of your churches and the black sheep of Christian households."

At night the congregation went in a body to the First Baptist Church to hear Evangelist Pratt.

TRINITY CHURCH.

Rev. T. J. Duncan, presiding elder, preached at Trinity Church in the morning from Exodus xxxiv, 14: "For the Lord, whose name is Jealous, is a jealous God."

The first sermon, Mr. Duncan said, that would be asked in "What is Jealous?" It is not envy. Joseph was envied by his brethren; Saul envied David; there is nothing meaner than envy. Jealousy is not self-assertion, nor covetousness. Jealousy is a deep anxiety about our moral possessions. We cannot be jealous of our material possessions. No one who is devoid of love can be jealous. They have come out of the bosom of God, and have been turned to us in this unfriendly world. When the object of our love is absent to



"Well,"

said the bright woman who had asked for Pearline, to the grocer who wanted to sell her some imitation of it, "whether you do sell more of these other things or not, there must be something in Pearline which makes the flies avoid it. I notice that all the Pearline packages are clean and fresh. All the others are fly-specked!"

This is a true story. Everything is true that we print about Pearline. The thing in Pearline that keeps flies off is its popularity. It doesn't stay on the shelves long enough to become soiled. When women want washing made easy, without any risk of harm, they must have Pearline.

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back.

JAMES PVLE, New York.

Let There Be Light

on packing house methods of lard rendering, and there will be less lard used. Many people realize that it is impossible now-a-days to procure old-fashioned leaf lard. They demand something better than the modern stock-yards product.



The New Vegetable Shortening

fully supplies that demand. It is clean, delicate, healthful and economical. Ask your grocer for the genuine COTTOLENE.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

The First Baptist Church of this city was the scene of a remarkable religious power during the entire day yesterday. Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt of Massachusetts preached to a large audience in the morning, a most searching sermon on the tests of Christian life, the text being chosen from Amos vi, 3: "Can two walk together except they be agreed?"

Miss Moral spoke, and was followed by Mrs. Chapman, who offered prayer. "I Give My Life for Thee" was sung in closing.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Rev. A. C. Smither preached yesterday morning at the First Christian Church to a large audience upon "Walking in Newness of Life." This life, said the speaker, begins in the soul of the Christian, when, with Christ, he arises from the watery grave and starts upon a new career of living. It will be observed first, that it is life, active, energetic, full of power. Such life, however, manifest itself in a change of conduct, in a reformation of life. This is a new life, and that comes from God, and acts upon the soul of man. It is another manifestation of divine life. It is a spiritual life, and applies to the relationship of the soul to God. Furthermore, it begins with the soul, and is to be continued through the endless cycles of the future, for the future is but another sphere in which the soul of man will operate.

This new soul-life produces a change of relationship. The Christian's relationship to God is that of a child to a parent. The living God is the loving God, a Father of love to him. Christ is no longer a mere historical personage, passing across the scene of human life, but is a loving shepherd, a blessed savior. The Christian's relationship is changed to the Christian. These are now in a community and co-operating toward a common destiny. The Christian's relationship to the world is different from that of the man of the world. He is in the world, but not of it. It is a place of sojourn for him, for a while, on his journey to a better world. Out of this new relationship to this new life, there come new duties, new obligations, new privileges and immunities.

Man must walk in harmony with these new relationships. Christians must walk worthy of this calling in Christ Jesus. They must walk in the light, must walk in the truth and speak the truth with boldness and directness. Such a life, as is followed by the soul, leads us from sin to righteousness, from Satan to God, from sorrow to joy, from sin to salvation.

Growing out of this newness of life shall come to the Christian, a new name, a new heaven and earth, a new Jerusalem, a new destiny and an eternal life. Such are the blessings contingent upon this new life.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Burt Estes Howard spoke to a large congregation at the First Presbyterian Church last evening on "Courage." His address was most spirit-stirring. He spoke of the necessity of standing by one's convictions and of the power a Christian may have in the land if he only has courage enough to stand with the minority instead of the majority. Religion has been called a thing for weaklings, but it is not for the weak. Those who are not moved from their convictions are the only the most courageous man and women who can wear it as it should be worn. As an example, Mr. Howard spoke most eloquently of the work Dr. Parkhurst has been doing in New York, under the fire of ridicule, slander and contempt, and how his boldness and courage and religion have won the respect of the community in that city. Mr. Howard believes that a man should not only have strong convictions, but should be true to them and dare to speak of them under any circumstances and in any place.

Y.W.C.A. GOSPEL MEETING.

The gospel meeting of the Y.W.C.A., was held at No. 107 North Spring street at 2:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was well attended. Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Pease, missionaries of the Congregational church to Micronesia, were present and told of the work in far-away lands.

The meeting was opened by singing "When I Survey the Wondrous Cross." Dr. Pease read from Revelations and offered prayer.

"The Morning Light is Breaking" was then sung. Dr. and Mrs. Pease gave a talk for women, young and old, on missions in the islands. There are three groups, the Gilbert, Caroline and the Marshall, and their work was principally in the last named. Only once in this period did they visit this country. Now they will remain for a time to educate their children, and to return to the work which is dear to them.

Mr. Pease made a most interesting address, telling of the work. She spoke of the trip out, and how they spent 120 days in getting by sailing vessel from Honolulu to Micronesia. Of the slow progress of acquiring the language of the people so that they could teach them, he spoke. Of the pressure of impatience under which the knowledge is always gained, for having gone there to teach the time seems very precious that must be spent in study. Previous missionaries had left all that was in their possession for the guidance of those who followed them.

The case of John H. Wise vs. W. S. McMay was brought to a close Friday night at the Superior Court. It was the twenty-first birthday of Ethel Coulton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Coulton of Miramar, and they attended the ball in her honor. The affair was elaborate in the extreme, and the large number of guests displayed a brilliant social gathering. An amateur repast had been prepared and dancing was induced in the room. The guests remained until the wee small hours and departed, unashamedly, expressing themselves as having thoroughly enjoyed the evening.

Col. H. M. Van Armen, immigration agent for the Southern Pacific in the city, stopped in at the Arlington. Mr. Van Armen was here some time ago, and in an interview with a Times correspondent, he said that he had been awaiting the coming of the railroad which were not then in operation. Now he says that interview resulted in chasing him among the biggest railroads in the country in the summer of 1893. This is practically a victory for the defendant. The plaintiff sued for \$30,000 as rental of the Santa Rita Ranch. The defendant counter-claimed \$10,000 for damages by the supply of water giving out, thus making the tract useless for pasturing and grazing. The court ruled in favor of the defendant, but the plaintiff is not wise. He is the Collector of Customs of the port of San Francisco, and today is one of the large ranchers of this state.

"It was enough," said Mr. Dye, "to make a place for our brother, and allowed up in the hungry sea of heathendom, but my plea today is for the lost of our own land."

A large number have been lost and are broken and drifting away from home and church. They were once in touch with the Sunday-school and church and home, but because the church did not vitalize that contact.

"We talk about the slums. The slums would soon disappear were they not fed from above. Fifty per cent. of the criminals attended church and Sunday-school. The poor live on lost sheep. More men are born than fall into our slums than are born there. The human race is to us today, 'Physician, heal thyself.' The lost sheep of your churches and the black sheep of Christian households."

At night the congregation went in a body to the First Baptist Church to hear Evangelist Pratt.

TRINITY CHURCH.

Rev. T. J. Duncan, presiding elder, preached at Trinity Church in the morning from Exodus xxxiv, 14: "For the Lord, whose name is Jealous, is a jealous God."

The first sermon, Mr. Duncan said, that would be asked in "What is Jealous?" It is not envy. Joseph was envied by his brethren; Saul envied David; there is nothing meaner than envy. Jealousy is not self-assertion, nor covetousness. Jealousy is a deep anxiety about our moral possessions. We cannot be jealous of our material possessions. No one who is devoid of love can be jealous.

A beautiful custom of the converted people there, and also worthy of imitation, is the learning every day of their lives of a

FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY.

Latest imported Trimmed Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Fancy Embroideries and Trimmings. Parlor S and G. Bryson's Block. Take M. R. FORSTER's elevator. Manager.

Many of our customers date the commencement of their recovery from rheumatism to the day they began to use Price's Cetery Compound. Try it.

C. H. HANCI, 177-179 N. Spring st., Los Angeles.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.

F. W. LOWE, 132 S. Broadway.

W. W. LOWE, 132 S. Broadway.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS



PASADENA.

ENCOURAGING INCREASE IN SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

The Southern Pacific and the Broadway Property-owners—Buggy Thief Caught—Personal Mention.

PASADENA, Nov. 18.—(Special Correspondence.) The Southern Pacific franchise will be the most important subject at Monday's regular meeting of the City Council, and the now familiar crowd of lobbyists will be present in behalf of all the conflicting interests at stake. The efforts to enlist the whole city in an anti-railroad fight having been abandoned with the establishment of a "dead line" on Colorado street, the property-owners on Broadway and Mareno avenue find themselves the only adversaries left to cope with the great railroad company that has heretofore acquired everything it fancied and does not intend to be outwitted or outgeneraled in Pasadena. It is safe to say that nearly all citizens who have no property interests on either of the two thoroughfares are either in favor of the railroad occupying Broadway as far as Colorado street, or are indifferent; but all who are imbued with even the slightest of altruistic principles concede the justice of the demands that property-owners whose lots are either condemned or reduced in value by the railroad should be amply compensated for damages. The railroad officials do not take kindly to the proposition that the question of damages be adjusted by a board of five arbitrators, which, to some people, may seem a strong argument in favor of insistence on the "dead line" and, on Monday they declared it was not safe to force the company to intrust its business with private parties. The attorneys and right-of-way sharps employed by the company are able to deal with property-owners, said, in effect, one of the officials, and no difficulty over the amount of compensation will arise if it can be avoided. Strange as it may seem, some property-owners also object to the arbitration idea, but chiefly on the ground that they do not want to part with their land at any price. It is the expressed purpose of the Council to insist that before the railroad can have permission to build on Broadway it shall first settle the damage question with all property-owners who will agree to submit to the decision of the arbitrators. For those who will not submit there are courts and juries and lawyers.

On the railroad is installed in Broadway, with a station and freight depot on Colorado street, it need be the work of a year or less to go across Colorado street and as much further as may be desired. It all have heard of Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, who is to be the future King of England, but the Echo Mountain register bears the name of Albert Edward King, London, Eng. Near it are the names of Mrs. T. H. Jackson and his wife, and Mr. James E. McVay, Newzealand-on-Tyne, Eng.

Mrs. James H. Spencer, wife of a retired army officer, and her daughter, Edith Spencer, are from San Gabriel.

One of Charles Lever's most successful novels was the history of Charles O'Malley," and Mr. and Mrs. Charles O'Malley are registered from Prescott, Ariz.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Rhoades are on their wedding trip from Omaha. They were accompanied on the mountain by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hugus. Young Rhoades occupies a position in Mr. Hugus' Omaha office.

Other San Francisco people were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. G. Row, R. Knighten, John B. Young, managing editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, and C. M. Lane, representing the San Francisco Call.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kingbury of the Lick House, San Francisco, were guests at the Echo Mountain House.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



FULL OF HOLES.

THE CROWN OF ENGLAND A TOTAL WRECK.

No Hope that the Freight Steamer Can be Floated Again—The Tug Fearless Returns to San Francisco.

The freight steamer, Crown of England, which was wrecked on the rocks of Santa Rosa Island, a week ago last Wednesday morning, is reported as being so badly damaged as to prove almost a total loss. The steamer was north-bound from San Diego to Nanaimo in ballast when she struck, being engaged in transporing coal to Southern California. A crew of about twenty men was aboard, and all hands escaped with their lives. The story of how the mate and five men reached Santa Monica in a small boat, after being out two days and two nights, was published in last Monday's Times. Since that time the remaining members of the crew have been taken from the island, and a careful investigation has been made into the causes of the wreck.

"The tug Fearless," says the San Francisco Examiner, of Saturday, "has arrived from the wreck the steamer Crown of England, which went ashore on Santa Rosa Island a week ago during a heavy fog. You'll find the project of some uuu, Neglect can offer no ex-qqq.

Be wise at once, prolong your d-aaa.

A silent business soon d-aaa.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 18, 1894.—The barometer at 5 a.m. registered 30.12; at p.m. 30.10. The thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 48 deg. and 57 deg. Maximum temperature 73 deg.; minimum temperature 41 deg. Character of weather partly cloudy.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

Oil merchants in the hour of eee, If on this page you should see, Take the service and be thrice ryy. Go straightway out and advert-iii; You'll find the project of some uuu, Neglect can offer no ex-qqq.

Be wise at once, prolong your d-aaa.

A silent business soon d-aaa.

Southronia Star.

The first car of vegetables from Southern California, season 1894, for the Eastern market, shipped Saturday by the Earl Fruit Company to Kansas City on the Santa Fe. The car contained celery and cauliflower.

The sale at the Rochester Shoe Store, No. 106 North Spring street, must be a big success. They were compelled to close the doors Saturday night to enable the clerks to handle the business.

The only place in California where you can get pure aluminum ware and nothing else is at Baker's Aluminum Store, No. 222 South Broadway.

Kragle & Bresse, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Broadway. Open day and night. Lady attendant. Tel. No. 243.

Special—Finest enamelled cabinet photos, reduced to \$1 per dozen. Studio Art Parlors, No. 249 South Main street.

A lovely complexion is secured and retained by using the Sylvan Toilet preparations. No. 249 South Spring street.

Read the California Educator, published by the Los Angeles Business College, on sale at all news stands.

Massage removes wrinkles, keeps the face young. Sylvan Toilet Company, No. 349 South Spring street.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the finest mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under hotels.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Rice are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter at their home yesterday.

Divine Healing Association tonight, No. 2306 South Main street. "Jesus Our Healer."

Electric cook stoves, entirely new, Nau-erh & Case Hardware Co., 32 S. Spring.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardware number H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring.

A large, well-lighted front room on the third floor of Times Building for rent.

Mexican Leather Carver, Campbell's Curio Store.

Looking for men at 150 North Spring. Eastern cheechnuts at Althouse Bros.

The City Council meets this morning at 10 o'clock.

Business was very dull in police circles yesterday, no arrests of importance being made.

The Southern California Turner District Executive Committee gave an entertainment and ball at the Turner Hall last evening, which was largely attended.

Matthew Ries, the fugitive from justice, received a special dispensation from the police, left at the 2 p.m. train yesterday for Seattle, in charge of Sheriff J. H. Wombley of King county, who secured the man on regulation papers.

The Harvest Home festival services for Church of the Ascension (Episcopal) St. Louis street, on Boyle Heights, will take place on Sunday next. Rev. Dr. Johnstone, M. A., rector of the Church of the Ascension, his brother, Hector MacKenzie, and wife, just arrived from Vancouver, B. C., for a few weeks' visit to Los Angeles.

PERSONALS

Pinkey Samiter of Paris is quartered at the Nadeau.

C. C. Folmer and wife are among the Nadeau arrivals.

Charles H. Ingham of Manchester, England, is in town.

W. H. Barnes and daughter of Rochester, Mich., are in town.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Moulton of San Francisco are in the city.

W. H. Wilson and wife of Louisville, Ky., are at the Hollenbeck.

C. M. Sturges and wife of Phoenix, Ariz., are registered at the Nadeau.

C. H. Leonard and family of St. Johns, N. B., are visiting in the city.

C. C. Folmer and wife of Grand Rapids, Mich., are registered at the Nadeau.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Stevens of Philadelphia are stopping at the Westminster.

E. F. Wilson and wife of Minneapolis, Minn., are registered at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. George Woodruff and Mrs. K. H. Huchson of Oakland are stopping at the Nadeau.

Mr. and Mrs. Attrill of Toronto, Canada, are temporarily domiciled at the Westminster.

Mrs. George Woodruff and Mrs. K. H. Hayron of Oakland have apartments at the Nadeau.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Wayne of Cincinnati, O., are among the Eastern arrivals at the Westminster yesterday.

Mrs. S. L. Moore and Miss May Moore have recently returned from a visit to the French metropolis, and are stopping at the Westminster for a few days.

Guy M. Fallman and wife of Paterson, N. J., have just arrived from the East. Mr. Fallman is engaged in the manufacture of silk goods. They are registered at the Nadeau.

Mrs. Edward Solomon, daughter of L. E. Muller of The Times, leaves by the Santa Fe this afternoon for New York, where she goes to join her husband, who is in business in that city.

Children's Home Society.

The East Los Angeles Baptist Sunday school have kept what they called a "birthday-box" for some time past; and last Sunday it was agreed that the contents should be given to the Children's Home Society. Upon being opened the box was found to contain \$4.16, which amount had been sent in by the members of the society named, to whom it was gratefully received. The California Children's Home Society has done much good work in its especial sphere, and deserves the encouragement it is receiving. Superior Judge York recently examined the methods adopted by the society, and after a thorough investigation gave the movement his unqualified approval.

COPPER.

This will entitle the wearer to one copy of "Gathered Jewels of Song," upon presentation at our office, and the payment of 25 cents; 16 pages of late, choice popular songs, with words and music. The Times Bldg., First and Broadway.

Elegant Funeral Parlors...

The parlors of C. D. HOWRY, leading Funeral Director, Fifth and Broadway—surpasses anything of the kind on this Coast. His prices are the lowest in the city.

COUPON.

This will entitle the wearer to one copy of "Gathered Jewels of Song," upon presentation at our office, and the payment of 25 cents; 16 pages of late, choice popular songs, with words and music. The Times Bldg., First and Broadway.

Thanksgiving Sale—Linens.

Heaped counters, packed shelving. Countless yards and dozens of snowy whiteness for the table. We think the presence of such lovely linens will improve the flavor of Thanksgiving dinner.

Bleached and Cream Damask, 60 inches wide; look as good as a \$1.00 one, but not quite so heavy; yours for..... 50c

Bleached Satin-finished Damask, 64 inches wide; perfectly elegant quality; worth 25c more; yours for..... 75c

German Table Damask, full two yards wide; coin spot, pansy, florid's and other designs, soft as a kid glove, white as snow, fine as silk; yours at..... \$1.00

Breakfast or 5-8 size Napkins, dinner or 8-4 size Napkins to match above per doz. \$2.75; to match above per doz..... \$3.50

Special Towel sale. Knotted fringe Satin Damask colored border towel, (not the very largest size) but worth a quarter; yours for..... 15c

Flannels.

Not so many weeks ago these Flannels would have cost you a third more; the offerings today are chosen by our buyer as the pick of the market; what more evidence do you want of worth.

Twilled Serge Flannelettes, 82 inches wide Persian stripes for house wrappers; yours at..... 12 1/4c

Scotch Wool Flannels, 80 inches wide, dainty stripes and plain colors, also navy blue and black; yours at..... 25c

Cotton Elderdown Flannelettes, plaid, stripes and mottled effects, dainty two-tone colorings; yours at..... 12 1/4c

California Blankets, 10 and 11 quarter size, colors are pure white, mottled and gray, same goods as are being advertised in town at..... \$7.50; yours at..... \$5.00

Men's Goods.

Men's Hats, such styles and qualities as you'd pay a dollar more for at the hatters'. Fedoras and derby's in all the late shapes at this price. See our window display. \$1.95 the Hat is the "header" for this week.

Men's Underwear: fine English, pure natural wool, full finished and fashioned; instead of \$1.00 per garment is..... \$3.50

Men's "Hohenpoller" Underwear; some say it's better than Jaeger's goods; the garment yours for..... \$1.95

Men's "Lewis" Underwear, all wool, Jersey ribbed shirts and drawers; nothing better; the garment yours for..... \$3.50

Men's natural wool Shirts and Drawers, worth perhaps \$2.50 the suit; the garment yours for..... 95c

Men's Shirts, fancy colored bosoms, link cuffs attached; made right here in our own house; a \$2 shirt at..... \$1.25

Men's white silk Initial Handkerchiefs, worth 50c, at..... 25c

Dress Goods.

Language—human language—is after all but little better than the cackle of the fowls when it comes to telling the Dress Goods story. The rubies out-rubied; the diamond dimmed; the opal out-lighted. Our grand collection of dashing, sparkling and more somber fabrics cannot be outwitted in Dress Goodsdom. Broches, Persian effects, pin stripes, changeant diagonals, silk and wool and all-wools; the choicest fabrics of the year, \$2c, \$1, \$1.15 and \$1.25 sorts, together with a magnificent offering of Priestley blacks, now

75c,

Easily the greatest offering of Dress Goods ever made in the city.

Visit the
Immense
Display
of
TOYS
in our
Base-
ment
Sales-
room,
The
Largest
and
Grandest
on the
Coast.

Silks and Velvets.

Heaviest trading known in the history of our Silk Store. This week we furnish stronger evidence than ever that we are supreme in silks. A grand lot of changeant barred velvets. Six distinct combinations of color; the quality is simply superb; goods that cost the importer \$4.50 per yard to land.

A magnificent collection of high-grade Paris and Lyons novelties in broches, taffetas and figured Satin Durches, embracing all the late silk thoughts from the looms of the leading silk creators, the color blending in a study for artists, the qualities will "stand alone." These grand silks and velvets will yard themselves out this week at

\$1.50

Easily the greatest offering of Silks ever made in this city.

\$3.50.

Boys' Clothing.

The more mothers that get to know about our boys' clothing the more we sell. Tables heaped high with the best made clothing skilled labor can produce. If we had solely clothing to make expenses on and a profit besides, we couldn't sell suits at the prices we do, any more than a clothing store could. It's the grand concentration of business that does it—that's what makes our big stores the people's stores.

A dozen sorts of boys' Knee Pants Suits in cassimere, Cheviot and all-wool, tweeds, made with double knees and some with double seats; as suits go they are generally sold at \$5.00—we're going to sell these suits at

\$2.95.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.



DIRECTORY —OF— TAXPAYERS!

THERE HAS BEEN PUBLISHED BY

The Times - Mirror Company

Lists of Taxpayers of the Counties of Orange, Riverside, San Diego and Los Angeles in separate volumes (other county lists in preparation) designed for the use of

MERCHANTS.

BANKERS, COMMERCIAL AGENCIES, COMMISSION MEN, MANUFACTURERS, FOBBERS,

TRAVELING SALESMEN: AGENTS, SOLICITORS, POLITICAL COMMITTEES

and other persons desiring names and addresses of Taxpayers, together with statistics of land under cultivation, amount taxable, number of trees, acres of vines, etc., etc.

An invaluable guide to the wealth-producers and goods consumers of Southern California.

LIST FOR LOS ANGELES COUNTY, \$1.50

LIST FOR SAN DIEGO COUNTY, \$1.00

LIST FOR ORANGE COUNTY, \$1.00

LIST FOR RIVERSIDE COUNTY, \$1.00

either by mail or at the Times counting room. Address

THE TIMES-MIRROR CO.

TIMES BUILDING, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Rooms 1, 3, 5 and 7, 241 South Main Street.

It's Hard To Part

from even the stub of one of

CARL UPMANN'S BOUQUET CIGARS

Strictly Hand Made by Skilled Union Workmen.

Received HIGHEST AWARD FOR MERIT over all competitors at the World's Fair, Chicago.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

All genuine Carl Umann Bouquet Cigars have a band bearing his name. No experiments have been made for past 12 years. For sale by all first-class dealers.

Manufactured under FIVE SIZES,

BOUQUET PETITE, 50 in a box.

BOUQUET EXTRA, 50 in a box.